



**ASSERTION- REASON QUESTIONS**

- 1 Assertion: Farmers committing suicide is a concern for Indian economy.  
Reason: Crop failures due to drought or other natural calamities may cause inability of the farmers to pay back the loans they borrow.  
(A) Both Assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanation of assertion.  
(B) Assertion and reason both are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.  
(C) Assertion is true, reason is false.  
(D) Assertion is false, reason is true.
- 2 Assertion : Mid-day meal scheme is one growth oriented approach to alleviate poverty.  
Reason: Mid-day meal scheme aims to improve the food and nutritional status of the poor.  
(A) Both Assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanation of assertion.  
(B) Assertion and reason both are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.  
(C) Assertion is true, reason is false.  
(D) Assertion is false, reason is true.
- 3 Assertion :Casual labourers are among the most vulnerable in society.  
Reason: Casual labourers have no job security, no assets, limited skills.  
(A) Both Assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanation of assertion.  
(B) Assertion and reason both are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.  
(C) Assertion is true, reason is false.  
(D) Assertion is false, reason is true.
- 4 Assertion : A large section of poor people do not have access to safe drinking water.  
Reason: Most poor households have no access to electricity.  
(A) Both Assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanation of assertion.  
(B) Assertion and reason both are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.  
(C) Assertion is true, reason is false.  
(D) Assertion is false, reason is true.
- 5 Assertion : The poverty alleviation programmes in India are not effective.  
Reason: The government and bank officials are ill motivated, inadequately trained and corruption prone.  
(A) Both Assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanation of assertion.  
(B) Assertion and reason both are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.  
(C) Assertion is true, reason is false.  
(D) Assertion is false, reason is true.
- 6 (A) In India the concept of poverty line is used to measure absolute poverty  
Reason: (R) It is a poverty in which a person or a group of persons living below poverty line.

- (a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but the reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- (b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.

- 7 (A) In India, poverty line cut-off may be determined either in terms of income or in terms of consumption expenditure, but consumption should be preferred parameter than income.  
Reason: (R) It reflects actual use of the goods and services by an individual, as well as the type of goods actually used, while income only shows the capacity to purchase and data is not available on the distribution of income.
- (a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but the reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).
  - (b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).
  - (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
  - (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true
- 8 (A) In India, the minimum calorie intake for rural areas has been estimated at 2400 calories and for urban areas, the minimum calorie intake for urban areas has been estimated at 2100 calories.  
Reason: (R) the calories requirement is higher in rural areas because hard-working male population is found to be higher in rural areas.
- (a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but the reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).
  - (b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).
  - (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
  - (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.
- 9 (A) In India, rapidly rising population is the most important cause of poverty.  
Reason: (R) because it neutralises the gain of GDP growth.
- (a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but the reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).
  - (b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).
  - (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false
  - (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.
- 1 (A) In India, the government has spent huge amount of money on the poverty alleviation programmes.  
0 Reason: (R) inefficient delivery mechanism of the government along with large-scale corruption are the principal factors behind failure of poverty alleviation programmes.
- (a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but the reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).
  - (b) Both assertion (A) and reason (B) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).
  - (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
  - (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.

- 11 The poverty alleviation programmes have been found unsatisfactory.  
Reason: Huge number of resources have been allocated for Poverty alleviation Programmes.  
(A) Both Assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanation for the Assertion.  
(B) Assertion and Reason both are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation for the Assertion.  
(C) Assertion is true, Reason is false.  
(D) Assertion is false, Reason is true.
- 12 Although there is a steady decline in poverty over the last two decades but the total number of poor people are remained constant.  
Reason: There has been a considerable growth in population.  
(A) Both Assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanation for the Assertion.  
(B) Assertion and Reason both are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation for the Assertion.  
(C) Assertion is true, Reason is false.  
(D) Assertion is false, Reason is true.
- 13 Growth oriented approach to remove poverty proved to be quite effective.  
Reason: Population growth resulted in a very low growth in per capita income.  
(A) Both Assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanation for the Assertion.  
(B) Assertion and Reason both are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation for the Assertion.  
(C) Assertion is true, Reason is false.  
(D) Assertion is false, Reason is true.
- 14 While determining the poverty line, higher calorie intake is fixed for rural areas.  
Reason: People in rural areas have to do greater physical work as compared to urban people.  
(A) Both Assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanation for the Assertion.  
(B) Assertion and Reason both are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation for the Assertion.  
(C) Assertion is true, Reason is false.  
(D) Assertion is false, Reason is true.
- 15 Government started so many programmes for the removal of poverty, but poverty couldn't be removed so far.  
Reason: There was a lot of corruption in implementation of the programmes.  
(A) Both Assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanation for the Assertion.  
(B) Assertion and Reason both are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation for the Assertion.  
(C) Assertion is true, Reason is false.  
(D) Assertion is false, Reason is true.

- 16 WHILE DETERMINING POVERTY IN VILLAGES HIGHER CALORIE INTAKE IS TAKEN REASON:PEOPLE IN RURAL AREA DO MORE PHYSICAL WORK
- both assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanation of assertion
  - both assertion and reason are true and reason is not correct explanation of assertion
  - assertion is true but reason is false
  - assertion is false but reason is true
- 17 poverty is closely related to unemployment  
Reason : unemployment compels indebtedness and leads to poverty
- both assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanation of assertion
  - both assertion and reason are true and reason is not correct explanation of assertion
  - assertion is true but reason is false
  - assertion is false but reason is true
- 18 migration lowers poverty.  
Reason : people migrate to those areas which offer better job opportunities.
- both assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanation of assertion
  - both assertion and reason are true and reason is not correct explanation of assertion
  - assertion is true but reason is false
  - assertion is false but reason is true
- 19 Absolute poverty is prevalent in developed country  
reason :mostof the developed countries are industrial economy.
- both assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanation of assertion
  - both assertion and reason are true and reason is not correct explanation of assertion
  - assertion is true but reason is false
  - assertion is false but reason is true
- 20 most small farmers in debt trap  
Reason : they borrow money from money lenders who charge high rate of interest
- both assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanation of assertion
  - both assertion and reason are true and reason is not correct explanation of assertion
  - assertion is true but reason is false
  - assertion is false but reason is true
- 21 Assertion(A): Generally calorie based norm is not sufficient to identify the poor people  
Reason(R):It divides the poor together and does not differentiate between the very poor and other poor..
- Both Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is the correct explanation of Assertion(A)
  - Both Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion(A)
  - Assertion(A) is true and Reason(R) is false.
  - Assertion(A) is false and Reason(R) is true.

- 22 Assertion(A): In recent years, regional disparities in India are very high in recent years.  
Reason(R):Some regions have faced continuous political instability.  
A. Both Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is the correct explanation of Assertion(A)  
B. Both Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion(A)  
C. Assertion(A) is true and Reason(R) is false.  
D. Assertion(A) is false and Reason(R) is true.
- 23 Assertion(A): The main goal of Planning in India is to promote rapid and balanced economic development with equality and social justice.  
Reason(R):Poverty alleviation and unemployment are regarded as the major hindrances towards the development of India.  
A. Both Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is the correct explanation of Assertion(A)  
B. Both Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion(A)  
C. Assertion(A) is true and Reason(R) is false.  
D. Assertion(A) is false and Reason(R) is true.
- 24 Assertion(A): The poverty alleviation programme has not undergone any radical transformation during the last five and half decades.  
Reason(R):There has been a radical change in the ownership of wealth and assets and provision of basic amenities of life to the needy.  
A. Both Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is the correct explanation of Assertion(A)  
B. Both Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion(A)  
C. Assertion(A) is true and Reason(R) is false.  
D. Assertion(A) is false and Reason(R) is true.
- 25 Assertion(A):Growth oriented approach to remove poverty proved to be quite effective .  
Reason(R):Population growth resulted in a very low growth in per capita income.  
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C. Assertion(A) is true and Reason(R) is false.  
D. Assertion(A) is false and Reason(R) is true.
- 26 **Assertion:** Poverty can be reduced by using labour intensive technique of production.  
**Reason:** India is a country of large population Dr Gunnar Myrdal suggested that if India want to solve the problem of poverty then it should follow labour intensive technology of production this will create employment opportunity in the country.  
(a) Both assertion and reason are true but the reason is the correct explanation of assertion.  
(b) Both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion  
(c) Assertion is true but reason is false

- (d) Assertion is false but reason is true
- 27 **Assertion:** As per the finding of NSSO, the number of absolute poor in India in 2011-2012 were 22% of the total population.  
**Reason:** India's basic problem is relative poverty.
- (a) Both assertion and reason are true but the reason is the correct explanation of assertion.  
(b) Both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion  
(c) Assertion is true but reason is false  
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- 28 **Assertion:** While determining the poverty line higher calorie intake is fixed for rural area.  
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- 29 **Assertion:** Growth oriented approach to remove poverty proved to be quite effective.  
**Reason:** Population growth caused very low growth in per capita income.
- (a) Both assertion and reason are true but the reason is the correct explanation of assertion.  
(b) Both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion  
(c) Assertion is true but reason is false  
(d) Assertion is false but reason is true.
- 30 **Assertion:** National food for work was a self-employment program.  
**Reason:** It was merged with MNREGA-2005.
- (a) Both assertion and reason are true but the reason is the correct explanation of assertion.  
(b) Both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion  
(c) Assertion is true but reason is false  
(d) Assertion is false but reason is true.
- 31 Assertion(A) Absolute poverty is prevalent in developed economics. REASON(R) most developed economics are industrialized economy.  
A) both assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion(A).  
B) Both assertion (a) and reason(R) are true, and Reason(R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).  
C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.  
D) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.
- 32 Assertion (A) Inflation is the cause of poverty.  
Reason (R) Inflation (price spiral) erodes real income of the people. Other things remaining constant, price spiral may push certain people below the poverty line.  
Alternatives:  
A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct 1 explanation of Assertion (A).  
B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).  
C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.  
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- 33 Assertion: Most of small farmer are in deb-trap.  
Reason: They borrow money from money lenders who charge high rate of interest that push them in to chronic indebtedness.  
A) Both assertion and reason are true but the reason is the correct explanation of assertion.  
B) Both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion  
C) Assertion is true but reason is false  
D) Assertion is false but reason is true
- 34 Assertion (A) Migration lowers poverty.  
Reason (R) People migrate to those areas which offer better opportunities of employment. Getting employment or getting better employment leads to improvement in the quality of life. It may help people shift above the poverty line.  
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- 35 Assertion (A): The Poverty Alleviation Programmes have been found unsatisfactory.  
Reason (R): Huge amount of resources have been allocated for Poverty Alleviation Programmes.  
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(A) Both assertion and reason are true but the reason is the correct explanation of assertion.  
(B) Both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion  
(C) Assertion is true but reason is false  
(D) Assertion is false but reason is true
- 39 Assertion (A)Mr. X is relatively richer than Mr. Y. But both can be poor.  
Reason (R) Mr. X may have higher income than Mr. Y. But, both X and Y may not have enough income to buy the essentials of life. So that, both are poor.  
(A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct 1 explanation of Assertion (A).  
(B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).  
(C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.  
(D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason(R) is true.
- 40 Assertion(A): Capital formation is the key to eradicate the poverty in India.  
Reason (R): Lack of capital implies lack of production capacity. - Low production capacity implies low opportunities of employment. - Low level of employment implies high level of poverty.  
(A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).  
(B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).  
(C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.  
(D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason(R) is true.

### ANSWER

1-A	2-D	3-A	4-B	5-A	6-A	7-A	8-A	9-A	10-A
11-C	12-A	13-D	14-A	15-C	16-A	17-A	18-A	19-D	20-A
21-A	22-C	23-A	24-C	25-D	26-A	27-C	28-A	29-D	30-D
31-B	32-A	33-A	34-A	35-C	36-A	37-A	38-A	39-A	40-A

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