

Date:12/06/23	MONTLY TEST-1 (2024-25)	Max marks:20
GRADE: XII	INFORMATICS PRACTICES 065)	Time: 50 min.

General Instructions:

All questions are compulsory.

	An questions are compuisory.	
Qn No	SECTION A	Marks allocat ed
1	Predict the output: L=[`a','b','c','d'] L[0:2]=[`x','y'] print(L) (a) `a', 'b', `c', `d' (b) `x', 'y', `c', `d' (c) Error (d) No Output Ans: (b)	1
	Create a dictionary named Dic2 by using list as values. The two keys are Name and Marks. The values of both keys are Riya, Priya, Maya, Seetha and 67,89,90,45. Ans: Dic2={"Name":["Riya","Priya","Maya","Seetha"],"Marks":[67, 89,90,45]}	1
	Assertion: Python lists are mutable, whereas strings are immutable. Reasoning: In Python, mutable objects can be modified after creation, while immutable objects cannot. Lists allow for the modification of elements, such as adding, removing, or changing values, whereas strings do not support such operations. (a) True. Lists in Python are mutable (b) False. Lists in Python are immutable Ans: (a)	1
4	The size of the object of Series is Ans: Immutable	1
5	In a DataFrame, Axis=1 represents the elements Ans: Column	1
	SECTION B	
	What is Data Visualization. Name any two charts and the library used for the same. Ans:	2
	Graphical representation of data or information. Python Matplotlib Library- It is a library ised for Data Visualization.(Line Chart, Bar Chart)	

7	Consider the code given below and answer the questions	2
	import pandag ag nd	
	import pandas as pd Ld=[{'a':5,'b':10},{'a':15,'b':20,'c':30}]	
	df=pd.DataFrame(Ld)	
	print(df)	
	(a) How many rows will be there in the above DataFrame df? 2 rows	
	(b) How many columns will be there in the above DataFrame df? 3	
	columns	
	(c) How many NaN will be there in the above DataFrame? 1 NaN (d) How many dictionaries are used in the above code? 2	
	dictionaries	
8	What is CSV? Give one advantage and one disadvantage.	2
	Ans: CSV(Comma Separated Values) Advantages of CSV- CSV files	
	are platform independent.	
	Disadvantages of CSV-Complex data cannot be handled by CSV	
	Prodict the output:	
9	Predict the output: (a)	2
	import pandas as pd	
	lst=[56,78,45,12,89]	
	print(lst) Ans:	
	[56, 78, 45, 12, 89] (b)	
	import pandas as pd	
	lst=[56,78,45,12,89]	
	print(lst[1])	
	Ans: 78	
	(c) import pandas as pd	
	Ist=[56,78,45,12,89]	
	print(lst[1:3])	
	Ans:	
	[78, 45] (d)	
	import pandas as p	
	st=[56,78,45,12,89]	
	S1=p.Series(lst) print(S1)	
	Ans:	
	0 56 1 78	
	1	
	3 12	
	4 89	
	SECTION C	

NAME ENG SCI SST MANIA Ashna 45 44 41 40 XII Thomas 35 32 31 37 X Varma 28 49 39 50 IX Xavior 22 28 33 38 Ensure that the DataFrame with user given index and coluheadings Ans: import pandas as pd marks = {"NAME": ['Ashna', 'Thomas', 'Varma', 'Xavior' "ENG": [45,35,28,22], "SCI": [44,32,49,28], "SST": [41,31,39,33],	
XII Thomas 35 32 31 37 X Varma 28 49 39 50 IX Xavior 22 28 33 38 Ensure that the DataFrame with user given index and colu headings Ans: import pandas as pd marks={"NAME":['Ashna','Thomas','Varma','Xavior' "ENG":[45,35,28,22], "SCI":[44,32,49,28],	
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headings Ans: import pandas as pd marks={"NAME":['Ashna','Thomas','Varma','Xavior' "ENG":[45,35,28,22], "SCI":[44,32,49,28],	
"MAT":[40,37,50,38] } result=pd.DataFrame(marks,index=["XI","XII","X", print(result)	
SECTION D Consider the month-wise production of objects in XYZ Con	
figure. Month=['Jan','Feb','Mar','Apr','May','Jun'] Units=[12,11,10,15,18,13] Production XYZ Company	
	\neg
17.5 -	
15.0	
15.0 -	
ν 12.5 -	.
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7.5 -	
5.0 -	
2.5 -	

Ans:

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
Month=['Jan','Feb','Mar','Apr','May','Jun']
Units=[12,11,10,15,18,13]
plt.barh(Month,Units,color="red")
plt.xlabel("Month-wise Production")
plt.ylabel("Amount in Lakhs")
plt.title('Production XYZ Company')
plt.show()