

Class: XIIFIRST MODEL EXAMINATION 2023-24Time: 3 HoursDate:04/12/23Computer Science(083)Max.Marks : 70

General instructions:

- This question paper contains five sections, Section A to E.
- All questions are compulsory.
- Section A have 18 questions carrying 01 mark each.
- Section B has 07 Very Short Answer type questions carrying 02 marks each.
- Section C has 05 Short Answer type questions carrying 03 marks each.
- Section D has 03 Long Answer type questions carrying 05 marks each.
- Section E has 02 questions carrying 04 marks each. One internal choice is given in Q34 against part C only.
- All programming questions are to be answered using Python Language only.

	Section – A					
Q01.	State True or False	(1)				
	"Tuple is datatype in Python which contain data in key-value pair."					
Q02.	Which of the following is not a keyword?	(1)				
	(A) eval (B) assert					
	(C) nonlocal (D) pass					
Q03.	Given the following dictionaries	(1)				
	dict_student = {"rno" : "53", "name" : `Rajveer Singh'}					
	dict_marks = {"Accts" : 87, "English" : 65}					
	Which statement will merge the contents of both dictionaries?					
	(A) dict_student + dict_marks (B) dict_student.add(dict_marks)					
	(C) dict_student.merge(dict_marks) (D) dict_student.update(dict_marks)					
Q04.	Consider the given expression: not ((True and False) or True) Which of the following will be correct output if the given expression is evaluated?	(1)				
	(A) True (B) False					
	(C) NONE (D) NULL					

Q05.	Select the correct output of	the code:	(1)		
	>>> s='mail2kv@kvsangat	han.kvs.in'			
	>>> s=s.split('kv')				
	>>> op = s[0] + "@kv" + s	s[2]			
	>>> print(op)				
	(A) mail2@kvsangathan	(B) mail2@sangathan.			
	(C) mail2@kvsangathan.	(D) mail2kvsangathan.			
Q06.	Which functions is used to a	close a file in python?	(1)		
	(A) close	(B) cloose()			
	(C) Close()	(D) close()			
Q07.	Fill in the blank:		(1)		
	command is used to change table structure in SQL.				
	(A) update	(B) change			
	(C) alter	(D) modify			
Q08.	Which of the following comr MYSQL?	mands will remove the entire database from	(1)		
	(A) DELETE DATABASE	(B) DROP DATABASE			
	(C) REMOVE DATABASE	(D) ALTER DATABASE			
Q09.	Which of the following state	ment(s) would give an error after executing	(1)		
	the following code?				
	D={'rno':32,'name':'Ms Archana','subject':['hindi','english','cs'],'marks':(85,75,89)}				
	print(D)	#S1			
	D['subject'][2]='IP'	#S2			
	D['marks'][2]=80	#S3			
	print(D)	#S4			
	(A) S1	(B) S3			
	(C) S4	(D) S3 and S4			
Q10.	Fill in the blank:		(1)		
	is a non-key attribute, whose values are derived from the primary key of some other table.				
	(A) Primary Key	(B) Candidate Key			
	(C) Foreign Key	(D) Alternate Key			

Q11.	The correct syntax of seek() is:		(1)		
	(A) seek(offset [, reference_point]) (B	 seek(offset, file_object) 			
	(C) seek.file_object(offset) (D) file_obj	ject.seek(offset [, reference_point])			
Q12.	Fill in the blank:		(1)		
	The SELECT statement when combined wit	th_clause, returns records without			
	repetition.				
	(A) DISTINCT (I	B) DESCRIBE			
	(C) UNIQUE (I	D) NULL			
Q13.	Fill in the blank:	-	(1)		
	is a communication methodology designed to deliver both voice and				
	multimedia.communications over Internet protocol.				
	(A) SMTP ((B) VoIP			
	(C) PPP (D) HTTP			
Q14.	What will the following expression be evalu	uated to in Python?	(1)		
	print (round (100.0 / 4 + (3 + 2.55) , 1))			
	(A) 30.0	(B) 30.55			
	(C) 30.6	(D) 31			
Q15.	Which function is used to display the total database?	number of records from a table in a	(1)		
	(A) total() (B) total(*)			
	(C) return(*)	D) count(*)			
Q16.	In order to open a connection with MySQL	database from within Python	(1)		
	using mysql.connectorpackage,function is used.				
	(A) open ((B) connect			
	(C) database()	(D) connectdb()			
	Q17 and 18 are ASSERTION AND REASONING based questions. Mark the correct choice as				
	(A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation for A				
	(B) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation for A				
	(C) A is True but R is False				
	(D) A is false but R is True				
Q17.	str1= "Class" + "Work"		(1)		
	ASSERTION: Value of str1 will be "ClassWo	ork".			
	REASONING: Operator `+' adds the operands, if both are numbers &				
	concatenates the string if both operands are strings.				

Q18.	Assertion: CSV (Comma Separated Values) is a file format for data	(1)				
	storage which looks like atext file.					
	Reason (R): The information is organized with one record on each line and each field is separated					
	by semi-colon.					
	Section – B					
Q19.	Vivek has written a code to input a number and check whether it is even or	(2)				
	odd number. His code is having errors. Rewrite the correct code and					
	underline the corrections made.					
	Def checkNumber(N):					
	status = $N\%2$					
	return					
	#main-code					
	num=int(input(" Enter a number to check :))					
	k=checkNumber(num)					
	if $\mathbf{k} = 0$:					
	print("This is EVEN number")					
	else:					
	print("This is ODD number")					
Q20.	Write two points of difference between Bus topology and star topology.	(2)				
	OR					
	Write two points of difference between XML and HTML.					
Q21.	(A) Given is a Python string declaration: message='FirstPreBoardExam@2022-23'	(2)				
	Write the output of: print(message[: : -3].upper())					
	(B) Write the output of the code given below:					
	d1={'rno':25, 'name':'dipanshu'}					
	d2={'name':'himanshu', 'age':30,'dept':'mechanical'}					
	d2.update(d1)					
	print(d2.keys())					
Q22.	Explain the use of 'Foreign Key' in a Relational Database Management System. Give example to support your answer.	(2)				

(i) HTTP (ii) FTP (B) What is the use of TELNET? Q24. Predict the output of the Python code given below: (2) data=["L",20,"M",40,"N",60] times=0					
(B) What is the use of TELNET? (B) What is the output of the Python code given below: (2) Q24. Predict the output of the Python code given below: (2) data=["L",20,"M",40,"N",60] times=0					
Q24. Predict the output of the Python code given below: data=["L",20,"M",40,"N",60] times=0 (2)					
data=["L",20,"M",40,"N",60] times=0					
times=0					
alpha=""					
add=0					
for c in range(1,6,2):					
times = times + c					
alpha = alpha + data [c-1] + "@"					
add = add + data[c]					
print (times, add, alpha)					
OR					
Predict the output of the Python code					
L = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]					
$L_{st=[]}$					
for i in range(len(L)).					
if i% 2==1					
t = (L[i] L[i] **2)					
I st append(t)					
nrint(I st)					
Q25. Differentiate between order by and group by clause in SQL with appropriate (2)					
example.					
OR					
Categorize the following commands as DDL or DML:					
INSERT, UPDATE, ALTER, DROP					

			Section ·	- C				
Q26.	Write	the output of the	queries (i) to (vi) based o	on the table give	en below:	(3)	
			TABLE: C	HIPS]		
		BRAND_NAME	FLAVOUR	PRICE	QUNATITY			
		LAYS	ONION	10	5	-		
		LAYS	TOMATO	20	12	-		
		UNCLE CHIPS	SPICY	12	10			
		UNCLE CHIPS	PUDINA	10	12			
		HALDIRAM	SALTY	10	20			
		HALDIRAM	ΤΟΜΑΤΟ	25	A30			
	(i) S	Select BRAND_NA	ME, FLAVOUR f	rom CHIPS	where PRICE <	> 10;		
	(ii) S	Select * from CHI	PS where FLAV	OUR="TOM	ATO" and PRICE	= > 20;		
(iii) Select BRAND_NAME from CHIPS where price > 15 and QUANTITY < 15;								
(iv) Select count(distinct (BRAND_NAME)) from CHIPS;								
	(v) S	(v) Select price , price *1.5 from CHIPS where FLAVOUR = "PUDINA";						
(vi) Select distinct (BRAND_NAME) from CHIPS order by BRAND_NAME des					_NAME desc;			
Q27.	Write	a function countI	NDIA() which r	ead a text	file 'myfile.txt' a	and print	(3)	
	the fr	equency of the wo	ords `India' in it	(ignoring o	case of the word	I).		
	Exam INDIA	ple: If the file cor A is my country. I	ntent is as follov live in India. Ir	ws: 1dia has ma	any states.			
	The c	ountIndia() functi	on should displ	ay the outp	out as:			
	l f	Frequency of India	a is 3					
				OR				
	Write a	a function countV	owel() in Pytho	n, which sh	ould read each	character of		
	a text	file "myfile.txt" a	nd then count a	nd display	the count of oc	currence of		
	vowels (including small cases and upper case).							
	Examp	ole:						
	If the INDIA	file content is as A is my country. I	follows: live in India. Ir	ndia has ma	any states.			
	The c	ountVowel() func	tion should disp	olay the out	put as:			
	Total	number of vowels	s are : 20					

20.	"LIBRARY". \	Write SQL com	mands for th	ie st	atements	(i) to (iv).	lameu	(-
			Table:	вос	DKS			
	BID	BNAME	AUNAME PRICE TYPE		QTY			
	COMP11	LET US C	YASHWANT		350	COMPUTER	15	
	GEOG33	INDIA MAP	RANJEET	Р	150	GEOGRAPHY	20	
	HIST66	HISTORY	R BALA		210	HISTORY	25	
	COMP12	MY FIRST C	VINOD DU	A	330	COMPUTER	18	
	LITR88	MY DREAMS	ARVIND A	D	470	NOBEL	24	
			Table	TSSI	IFD			
			BID		Y_ISSUED			
			HIST66		10	_		
			COMP11		5			
			LITR88		15			
	(i) Display book name and author name and price of computer type books.							
	(ii) To increas	se the price of	all history b	ooks	s by Rs 50			
(iii) Show the details of all books in ascending order of their price				of their prices.				
	(iv) To displation have bee	y book id, boo n issued.	ok name and	qua	ntity issue	d for all books w	/hich	
	(B) Write the	e command to	view all tab	les ir	n a databa	se.		
29.	Write a func	tion lenFOUR	vord(L), whe	ere L	is the list	of elements (lis	st of	(.
	words) passe	ed asargumer	nt to the fund	tion	. The func	tion returns ano	ther	
	list named 'i	ndexList' that	stores the in	dices	s of all fou	r lettered word o	of L.	
	For example: If L contains ["DINESH", "RAMESH", "AMAN", "SURESH", "KARN"] The indexList will have [2, 4]							
Q30. A list contains following record of a student: [StudentName, Class, Section, MobileNumber]						(
	Write the following user defined functions to perform given operations on the stack named 'xiia':							
	(i) pushElem	ent() - To Pus	h an object c	conta	aining nam	e and mobile nu	imber of	
	students who	obelong to cla	iss xii and se	ctio	h `a' to the	stack		

```
(ii) popElement() - To Pop the objects from the stack and display them.Also, display "StackEmpty" when there are no elements in the stack.For example:
```

```
If the lists of students details are:
["Rajveer", "9999999999","XI", "B"]
["Swatantra", "88888888888","XII", "A"]
["Sajal","7777777777","VIII","A"]
["Yash", "1010101010","XII","A"]
```

```
The stack "xiia" should contain
["Swatantra", "88888888888"]
["Yash", "1010101010"]
```

The output should be:

```
["Yash", "1010101010"]
```

["Swatantra", "88888888888"]

Stack Empty

OR

Write a function in Python, Push(SItem) where, SItem is a dictionary containing the details of stationary items- {Sname:price}.

The function should push the names of those items in the stack who have price greater than 25. Also display the count of elements pushed into the stack.

For example: If the dictionary contains the following data:

```
Ditem = {"Rubber":5, "Pencil":5, "Pen":30, "Notebook": 60, "Eraser": 5,

"Watch": 250}

The stack should contain

Pen
```

Notebook

Watch

The output should be:

The count of elements in the stack is 3

			Section – D				
Q31	1 Layna creates a table STOCK to maintain computer stock in vidyalaya. After					(4)	
•	creation of	thetable, she	has entered data of 8	3 items in the t	able.		
			Table : STOCK				
	stockid	dopurchase	name	make	Price		
	101	2020-07-06	CPU	ACER	12000		
	102	2020-09-01	CPU	ACER	12750		
	103	2020-09-01	MONITOR	ACER	7500		
	104	2016-08-03	VISUALIZED	GLOBUS	3/250		
	105	2010-03-20	WIEI DECEIVED	ZEBION	1/500		
	100	2020-07-23	PRINTER	LEDION	38000		
	107	2013-02-18	HEADPHONE	BOAT	750		
	100	2020-07-25	ILADITIONE	DOAT	750		
	Based on t	he data given a	above answer the foll	owing questior	าร:		
	(i) Ident Primar	ify the most ap y key.	propriate column, wh	nich can be cor	nsidered as		
	(ii) If thr	ee columns are	added and 5 rows a	re deleted fron	n the table		
	stock,	what will bethe	e new degree and car	dinality of the	above table?		
	(iii)Write the statements to:						
	(a) Insert the following record into the tableStockid - 201, dateofpurchase – 18-OCT-2022, name – neckphone ,						
	Make – BoAT, price – 500						
	Decrease the price of stock by 5% whose were purchased in year 2020						
Q32	Vishnu is a	a Python progra	mmer. He has writte	n a code and c	reated a binary	4	
•	file record.	dat with studen	tid, subjectcode and	marks. The file	e contains 10		
	records.						
	He now has to update a record based on the studentid id entered by the user						
	and update the marks.						
	The updated record is then to be written in the file temp.dat. The records						
	which are not to be updated also have to be written to the file temp.dat. If						
	the student id is not found, an appropriate message should to be displayed.						
	As a Pytho	n expert, help	him to complete the	following code	based on		
	the require	ement given abo	ove:				

```
#Statement 1
import
def update data():
  rec = \{\}
  fin=open("record.dat","rb")
  fout=open("____")
                                                            #Statement 2
  found=False
   sid=int(input("Enter student id to update his marks :: "))
  while True:
      try:
          rec =
                                                            #Statement 3
          if rec["studentid"]==sid:
               found=True
              rec["marks"]=int(input("Enter new marks :: "))
               pickle.
                                                            #Statement 4
           else:
               pickle.dump(rec,fout)
      except:
          break
   if found==True:
        print ("The marks of studentid ", sid ," has been updated.")
   else:
        print("No student with such id is not found")
  fin.close()
  fout.close()
(i) Which module should be imported in the program? (Statement 1)
(ii) Write the correct statement required to open a temporary file named
  temp.dat. (Statement 2)
(iii) Which statement should Aryan fill in Statement 3 to read the data from
  the binary file, record.dat and in Statement 4 to write the updated data in
  the file, temp.dat?
```

	SECTION E						
33 Aryan Infotech Solut	ions has set up its new o	center at Kamla Nagar for its					
office and web based	lactivities. The company	compound has 4 buildings as					
shown in the diagram	shown in the diagram below:						
Sunrise Building	Orbit Building Oracle Building	Jupiter Building					
Dist	Distance between various buildings.						
Jupiter Building to	Orbit Building	50 Mtrs					
Orbit Building to C	Dracle Building	85 Mtrs.					
Oracle Building to	Sunrise Building	25 MII'S.					
Sumise Building to	Oracle Duilding	170 MIIS.					
Orbit Building to S	Sunrise Building	45 Mtrs					
	Juli 130 Dullullig	45 Mus.					
Number of Co	Number of Computers in each of the buildings is follows:						
Jupiter Building	30						
Orbit Building	150						
Oracle Building	15						
Sunrise Building	35						
(iv)Suggest a cable la (v)Suggest the most	yout of connections betw suitable place (i.e. build	veen the buildings. ing) to house the server of this					
organisation with a	a suitable reason						
(vi) Suggest the placer	nent of the following dev	vices with justification.					
	posting Davies (Meders	ices with justification.					
• Internet Cor	mecting Device/Modem						
 Switch 							

	(vii) The organisation is planning to link its sale counter situated in various				
	parts of the same city, which type of network out of LAN, MAN or WAN will				
	be formed? Justify your answer.				
	v) What do your mean by PAN? Explain giving example.				
Q34	What is the advantage of using a csv file for permanent storage?	5			
•	Write a Program in Python that defines and calls the following user defined functions:				
	(i) ADD() – To accept and add data of a teacher to a CSV file 'teacher.csv'.				
	Each record consists of a list with field elements as tid, name and mobile to				
	store teacher id, teacher name and teacher mobile number respectively.				
	(ii) COUNTRECORD() – To count the number of records present in the				
	CSV file named`teacher.csv'.				
	OR				
	Give any one point of difference between a binary file and a csv file. Write a Program in Python that defines and calls the following user defined				
	functions:				
	(i) add() – To accept and add data of an employee to a CSV file				
	'employee.csv'. Each record consists of a list with field elements as eid,				
	name and salary to store employee id, employee name and employee salary				
	respectively.				
	(ii) search()- To display the records of the employee whose salary is more				
	than 40000.				
Q35	(A) Write the output of the code given below: def printMe(q,r=2):	5			
	p=r+q**3				
	print(p)				
	#main-code				
	a=10				
	b=5				
	printMe(a,b)				
	printMe(r=4,q=2)				

(B) The code given below inserts the following record in the table Student:					
	RollNo	Name	Clas	Marks	
	Integer	String	Integer	Integer	
Note	the following to	l establish connect	ivity between Pyt	hon and MySQL:	
* Us	ername is root				
* Pa	ssword is toor@12	23			
* Th	e table exists in a	"stud" database.			
* Th	e details (RollNo,	Name, Clas and N	Aarks) are to be a	ccepted from the user	
Writ	e the following m	issing statements	to complete the	code:	
Stat	ement 1 – to forn	n the cursor objec	t		
Stat	tement 2 – to exe	cute the comman	d that inserts the	e record in the table	
Stude	ent.				
Stat	ement 3 - to add	the record perma	nently in the data	abase	
impo	ort mysql.connector as	mysql			
def s	qlData():				
co	n1=mysql.connect(hos	st="localhost",user="re	oot", password="toor@	123", database="stud")	
m	nycursor =		#Sta	atement 1	
rr	no=int(input("Enter Ro	ll Number :: "))			
na	me=input("Enter name	e ·· ")			
cle	as=int(innut("Enter ela)))			
marks=int(input("Enter Marks :: "))					
<pre>querry="insert into student values({},'{}', {}, {})".format(rno,name,clas,marks)</pre>					
#Statement 2					
# Statement 3					
print("Data Added successfully")					

```
(A) Predict the output of the code given below:

s="C++VsPy"

m=""

for i in range(0, len(s)):

if (s[i] \ge -a' \text{ and } s[i] <= 'm'):

m = m + s[i].upper()

elif (s[i] \ge -a' \text{ and } s[i] <= 'z'):

m = m + s[i-1]

elif (s[i].isupper()):

m = m + s[i].lower()

else:

m = m + '\&'
```

print(m)

(B) The code given below reads the following record from the table named student and displaysonly those records who have marks greater than 90:

RollNo	Name	Clas	Marks
Integer	String	Integer	Integer

Note the following to establish connectivity between Python and MySQL:

* Username is root

* Password is toor@123

* The table exists in a "stud" database.

Write the following missing statements to complete the code:

Statement 1 – to form the cursor object

Statement 2 – to execute the query that extracts records of those students whose marks are greater than 90.

Statement 3- to read the complete result of the query (records whose marks are greater than 90) into the object named data, from the table student in the database.

er sqr_data():	
con1=mysql.connect(host="	'localhost",user="root",password="toor@123", database="stud")
mycursor=	#Statement 1
print("Students with marks	greater than 90 are : ")
	#Statement 2
data=	#Statement 3
for i in data:	
for i in data: print(i)	

********END*********